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CHARTERED SURVEYORS

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HOME report

SINGLE SURVEY
ENERGY REPORT
PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE
VALUATION REPORT

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TERMS AND CONDITIONS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 THE SURVEYORS

The Seller has engaged the Surveyors to provide the Single Survey Report and a generic Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes. The Seller has also engaged the Surveyors to provide an Energy Report in the format prescribed by the accredited Energy Company.

The Surveyors are authorised to provide a transcript or retype of the generic Mortgage Valuation Report on to Lender specific pro-forma. Transcript reports are commonly requested by Brokers and Lenders. The transcript report will be in the format required by the Lender but will contain the same information, inspection date and valuation figure as the generic Mortgage Valuation Report and the Single Survey. The Surveyors will decline any transcript request which requires the provision of information additional to the information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report until the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing.

Once the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing, the Purchaser's lender or conveyancer may request that the Surveyors provide general comment on standard appropriate supplementary documentation. In the event of a significant amount of documentation being provided to the Surveyors, an additional fee may be incurred by the Purchaser. Any additional fee will be agreed in writing.

If information is provided to the Surveyors during the conveyancing process which materially affects the valuation stated in the Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report, the Surveyors reserve the right to reconsider the valuation. Where the Surveyors require to amend the valuation in consequence of such information, they will issue an amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report to the Seller. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report are transmitted to every prospective Purchaser.

The individual Surveyor will be a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors who will have sufficient current local knowledge of the particular market to competently survey, value and report upon Residential Property. [1]

If the Surveyors have had a previous business relationship within the past two years with the Seller or Sellers Agent or relative to the property, they will be obliged to indicate this by checking the adjacent box.

☑

Harvey Donaldson & Gibson is part of the Connells Group. In Scotland, the Connells Group also own Slater Hogg & Howison, Countrywide North and Allen & Harris. Harvey Donaldson & Gibson trades as an entirely separate company and has no financial interest whatsoever in the disposal of the property being inspected. A full list of the Connells group brands is available on https://www.connellsgroup.co.uk/our-group/our-brands/. Harvey Donaldson & Gibson is regulated by RICS for the provision of surveying services. This means we agree to uphold the RICS Rules of Conduct for Firms and all their applicable mandatory professional practice requirements of RICS, which can be found at www.rics.org. As an RICS regulated firm we have committed to cooperating with RICS in ensuring compliance with its standards. The firm's nominated RICS Responsible Principal is Andrew Peters, Associate Director of Technical Services, contact 01332 813096.

The Surveyors have a written complaints handling procedure. This is available from the offices of the Surveyors at the address stated.

1.2 THE REPORT

The Surveyors will not provide an amended Report on the Property, except to correct factual inaccuracies.

The Report will identify the nature and source of information relied upon in its preparation.

The Surveyor shall provide a Market Value of the Property, unless the condition of the Property is such that it would be inappropriate to do so. A final decision on whether a loan will be granted rests with the Lender who may impose retentions in line with their lending criteria. The date of condition and value of the property will be the date of inspection.

Prior to 1 December 2008, Purchasers have normally obtained their own report from their chosen Surveyor. By contrast, a Single Survey is instructed by the Seller and made available to all potential

Purchasers in expectation that the successful Purchaser will have relied upon it. The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors rules require disclosure of any potential conflict of interest when acting for the Seller and the Purchaser in the same transaction. The Single Survey may give rise to a conflict of interest and if this is of concern to any party they are advised to seek their own independent advice.

The Report and any expressions or assessments in it are not intended as advice to the Seller or Purchaser or any other person in relation to an asking price or any other sales or marketing decisions.

The Report is based solely on the Property and is not to be relied upon in any manner whatsoever when considering the valuation or condition of any other property.

If certain minor matters are mentioned in the Report it should not be assumed that the Property is free of other minor defects.

Neither the whole nor any part of the Report may be published in any way, reproduced or distributed by any party other than the Seller, prospective purchasers and the Purchaser and their respective professional advisers without the prior written consent of the Surveyors.

1.3 LIABILITY

The Report is prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected of a competent residential Surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

The Report is addressed to the Seller and was prepared in the expectation that it (or a complete copy) along with these Terms and Conditions (or a complete copy) would (or, as the case might be, would have been) be disclosed and delivered to:

- the Seller;
- any person(s) noting an interest in purchasing the Property from the Seller;
- any person(s) who make(s) (or on whose behalf is made) an offer to purchase the Property, whether or not that offer is accepted by the Seller;
- the Purchaser; and
- the professional advisers of any of these.

The Surveyors acknowledge that their duty of skill and care in relation to the Report is owed to the Seller and to the Purchaser. The Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever in relation to the Report to persons other than the Seller and the Purchaser. The Seller and Purchaser should be aware that if a Lender seeks to rely on this Report they do so at their own risk. In particular, the Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever to any Lender in relation to the Report. Any such Lender relies upon the Report entirely at their own risk.

1.4 GENERIC MORTGAGE VALUATION REPORT

The Surveyors undertake to the Seller that they will prepare a generic Mortgage Valuation Report, which will be issued along with the Single Survey. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the generic Mortgage Valuation Report is provided to every potential Purchaser.

1.5 TRANSCRIPT MORTGAGE VALUATION FOR LENDING PURPOSES

The Surveyors undertake that on being asked to do so by a prospective purchaser, or his/her professional advisor or Lender, they will prepare a Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes on terms and conditions to be agreed between the Surveyors and Lender and solely for the use of the Lender and upon which the Lender may rely. The decision as to whether finance will be provided is entirely a matter for the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report will be prepared from information contained in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report.[2]

1.6 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

All intellectual property rights whatsoever (including copyright) in and to the Report, excluding the headings and rubrics, are the exclusive property of the Surveyors and shall remain their exclusive property unless they assign the same to any other party in writing.

1.7 PAYMENT

The Surveyors are entitled to refrain from delivering the Report to anyone until the fee and other charges for it notified to the Seller have been paid. Additional fees will be charged for subsequent inspections and Reports.

1.8 CANCELLATION

The Seller will be entitled to cancel the inspection by notifying the Surveyor's office at any time before the day of the inspection.

The Surveyor will be entitled not to proceed with the inspection (and will so report promptly to the Seller) if after arriving at the property, the Surveyor concludes that it is of a type of construction of which the surveyor has insufficient specialist knowledge to be able to provide the inspection satisfactorily. The Surveyor will also be entitled not to proceed if after arriving at the property, the surveyor concludes that the property is exempt under Part 3 of The Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 as detailed in the (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008. If there is a potential threat to their health or personal safety, the inspection may be postponed or cancelled, at the Surveyor's discretion.

In the case of cancellation or the inspection not proceeding, the Surveyor will refund any fees paid by the Seller for the inspection and Report, except for expenses reasonably incurred and any fee due in light of the final paragraph of this section.

In the case of cancellation by the Seller, for whatever reason, after the inspection has taken place but before a written report is issued, the Surveyor will be entitled to raise an Invoice equivalent to 80% of the agreed fee.

1.9 PRECEDENCE

If there is any incompatibility between these Terms and Conditions and the Report, these Terms and Conditions take precedence.

1.10 DEFINITIONS

- the “Lender” is the party who has provided or intends or proposes to provide financial assistance to the Purchaser towards the purchase of the Property and in whose favour a standard security will be granted over the Property;
- the “Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes” means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor, prepared from information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report, but in a style and format required by the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes will be prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected from a surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and who is competent to survey, value and report on the Property;
- the "Generic Mortgage Valuation Report" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor from information in the Report but in the Surveyor's own format.
- the “Market Value” is the estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm’s-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion
- the “Property” is the property which forms the subject of the Report;
- the “Purchaser” is the person (or persons) who enters into a contract to buy the Property from the Seller;
- "prospective Purchaser" is anyone considering buying the Property.
- the “Report” is the report, of the kind described in Part 2 of these Terms and Conditions and in the form set out in part 1 of Schedule 1 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008;
- the “Seller” is/are the proprietor(s) of the Property;
- the “Surveyor” is the author of the Report on the Property; and
- the “Surveyors” are the firm or company of which the Surveyor is an employee, director, member or partner (unless the Surveyor is not an employee, director, member or partner, when the “Surveyors” means the Surveyor) whose details are set out at the head of the Report.
- the "Energy Report" is the advice given by the accredited Energy Company, based on information collected by the Surveyor during the Inspection, and also includes an Energy Performance Certificate, in a Government approved format.

[1]Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (the Red Book) and RICS Codes of Conduct

[2]Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (the Red Book) and RICS Rules of Conduct.

PART 2 – DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORT

2.1 THE SERVICE

The Single Survey is a Report by an independent Surveyor, prepared in an objective way regarding the condition and value of the Property on the day of the inspection, and who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. It includes an Energy Report as required by Statute and this is in the format of the accredited Energy Company. In addition, the Surveyor has agreed to supply a generic Mortgage Valuation Report.

2.2 THE INSPECTION

The Inspection is a general surface examination of those parts of the Property which are accessible: in other words, visible and readily available for examination from ground and floor levels, without risk of causing damage to the Property or injury to the Surveyor.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property at floor level and from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas, without the need to move any obstructions. Any references to left or right are taken facing the front of the property.

The Inspection is carried out with the Seller’s permission, without causing damage to the building or contents. Furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved.

Unless identified in the report the Surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

The Surveyor will not carry out an asbestos inspection, and will not be acting as an asbestos inspector in completing a Single Survey of properties that may fall within the Control of Asbestos in the Workplace Regulations. In the case of flats it will be assumed that there is a duty holder, as defined in the Regulations and that a Register of Asbestos and effective Management Plan is in place, which does not require any expenditure, or pose a significant risk to health. No enquiry of the duty holder will be made.

2.3 THE REPORT

The Report will be prepared by the Surveyor who carried out the property inspection and will describe various aspects of the property as defined by the headings of the Single Survey report with the comments being general and unbiased. The report on the location, style and condition of the property, will be concise and will be restricted to matters that could have a material effect upon value and will omit items that, in the Surveyor’s opinion, are not significant. If certain minor matters are mentioned, it should not be interpreted that the property is free of any other minor defects.

Throughout the report, the following repair categories will be used to give an overall opinion of the state of repair and condition of the property.

2.3.1 Category 3: Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.

2.3.2 Category 2: Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.

2.3.3 Category 1: No immediate action or repair is needed.

WARNING: If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions when the effect can be considerable.

Parts of the property, which cannot be seen or accessed, will not be reported upon and this will be stated. If the Surveyor suspects that a defect may exist within an unexposed area and which could have a material effect upon the value, he may recommend further investigation by specialist contractors.

2.4 SERVICES

Surveyors are not equipped or qualified to test the services and therefore no comment can be interpreted as implying that the design, installation and function of the services are in accordance/compliance with regulations, safety and efficiency expectations. However, comment is

made where there is cause to suspect significant defects or shortcomings with the installations. No tests are made of any services or appliances.

2.5 ACCESSIBILITY

A section is included to help identify the basic information interested parties need to know to decide whether to view a property.

2.6 ENERGY REPORT

A section is included that makes provision for an Energy Report, relative to the property. The Surveyor will collect physical data from the property and provide such data in a format required by an accredited Energy Company. The Surveyor cannot of course accept liability for any advice given by the Energy Company.

2.7 VALUATION AND CONVEYANCER ISSUES

The last section of the Report contains matters considered relevant to the Conveyancer (Solicitor). It also contains the Surveyor’s opinion both of the market value of the property and of the re-instatement cost, as defined below.

"Market Value" The estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm’s-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. In arriving at the opinion of the Market Value the Surveyor also makes various standard assumptions covering, for example, vacant possession; tenure and other legal considerations; contamination and hazardous materials; the condition of un-inspected parts; the right to use mains services; and the exclusion of curtains, carpets etc. from the valuation. In the case of flats, the following further assumptions are made that:

- There are rights of access and exit over all communal roadways, corridors, stairways etc. and to use communal grounds, parking areas, and other facilities;
- There are no particularly troublesome or unusual legal restrictions;
- There is no current dispute between the occupiers of the flats or any outstanding claims or losses; and the costs of repairs to the building are shared among the co-proprietors on an equitable basis.

Any additional assumption, or any found not to apply, is reported.

“Re-instatement cost” is an estimate for insurance purposes of the current cost of rebuilding the Property in its present form unless otherwise stated. This includes the cost of rebuilding the garage and permanent outbuildings, site clearance and professional fees, but excludes VAT (except on the fees).

Sellers or prospective Purchasers may consider it prudent to instruct a reinspection and revaluation after a period of 12 weeks (or sooner if appropriate) to reflect changing circumstances in the market and/or in the physical condition of the Property.

1. INFORMATION AND SCOPE OF INSPECTION

This section tells you about the type, accommodation, neighbourhood, age and construction of the property. It also tells you about the extent of the inspection and highlights anything that the Surveyor could not inspect.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property without moving any obstructions and externally from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas. Any references to left or right in a description of the exterior of the property refer to the view of someone standing facing that part of the property from the outside.

The inspection is carried out without causing damage to the building or its contents and without endangering the occupiers or the Surveyor. Heavy furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved. Unless identified in the report the Surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials or techniques have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

Services such as TV/cable connection, internet connection, swimming pools and other leisure facilities will not be inspected or reported on.

Description	2 storey end terraced villa with a single storey rear projection.
Accommodation	Ground floor : Entrance hall, lounge, dining room, wc, kitchen/breakfast area. First floor : Hall landing, 3 bedrooms and bathroom.
Gross internal floor area (sqm)	138
Neighbourhood and location	The subjects are located in a popular established residential area within the town of East Kilbride. Surrounding properties are of a similar age and style. There are a reasonable range of amenities nearby.
Age	Circa 1950
Weather	It was dry at the time of the inspection.
Chimney stacks	None

Roofing including roof space	**Sloping roofs were visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.** **Flat roofs were visually inspected from vantage points within the property and where safe and reasonable to do so from a 3m ladder externally.** **Roof spaces were visually inspected and were entered where there was safe and reasonable access, normally defined as being from a 3m ladder within the property. If this is not possible, then physical access to the roof space may be taken by other means if the Surveyor deems it safe and reasonable to do so.** Our inspection of the roof void was restricted due to some flooring and stored items. The main roof is of pitched timber design covered with concrete tiles. The flat roofs have a bitumen felt covering.

Rainwater fittings	**Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.** **It will be appreciated that the inspection was carried out during dry weather conditions. Sometimes defects in rainwater goods are only apparent during, or after heavy rainfall.** The gutters and downpipes are of uPVC construction.

Main walls	**Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.** **Foundations and concealed parts were not exposed or inspected.** The main walls are cavity construction finished in render externally.

Windows, external doors and joinery	**Internal and external doors were opened and closed where keys were available. Random windows were opened and closed where possible. Doors and windows were not forced open.** The windows and doors are mostly of uPVC design incorporating double glazed units. The small room with the ground floor toilet has a single glazed timber framed window. Eaves details are formed in uPVC.

External decorations	**Visually inspected.** External decorative finishes are predominantly self coloured uPVC and some painted surfaces.

Conservatories / porches	None

Communal areas	None

Garages and permanent outbuildings	**Visually inspected.** There is a detached single car lock up garage of brick and rendered construction under a flat timber roof covered with a waterproof membrane. At the rear of the house a covered seating area has been formed with a timber frame and lean-to polycarbonate sheeted roof.

Outside areas and boundaries	**Visually inspected.** The property benefits from private garden grounds to the front, side and rear. There is a timber decked area.

Ceilings	**Visually inspected from floor level.** Ceilings within the property are of plasterboard.

Internal walls	**Visually inspected from floor level.** **Using a moisture meter, walls were randomly tested for dampness where considered appropriate.** The internal walls are mostly of solid plastered brick with decorated finishes.

Floors including sub floors	**Surfaces of exposed floors were visually inspected. No carpets or floor coverings were lifted.** **Sub-floor areas were inspected only to the extent visible from a readily accessible and unfixed hatch by way of an inverted "head and shoulders" inspection at the access point.** **Physical access to the sub floor area may be taken if the Surveyor deems it is safe and reasonable to do so, and subject to a minimum clearance of 1m between the underside of floor joists and the solum as determined from the access hatch.** The property has fully fitted floor coverings throughout which restricted the scope of our inspection. There is no accessible sub floor void. The floors are of solid and suspended timber construction.

Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	**Built-in cupboards were looked into but no stored items were moved.** **Kitchen units were visually inspected excluding appliances.** Internal joinery comprises timber skirtings, door facings and door surrounds. The doors are part glazed design. The staircase is of timber design. Kitchen fittings comprise a range of wall and base units and work surfaces.

Chimney breasts and fireplaces	**Visually inspected.** **No testing of the flues or fittings was carried out.** The chimney breast is now a feature and the flue can no longer be used.

Internal decorations	**Visually inspected.** The internal decorations are mostly painted, papered, tiled and wet walled. Some of the ceilings have a textured finish which may contain Artex.

Cellars	None

Electricity	**Accessible parts of the wiring were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on.** A mains supply of electricity is connected with power points situated throughout the property. The fuse board is located in the hall cupboard as is the electrical meter. Wiring, where visible, is sheathed in PVC.

Gas	**Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on.** A mains supply of gas is connected.

Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	**Visual inspection of the accessible pipework, water tank or cylinders (if applicable) and fittings without removing any insulation.** Water is supplied from the mains. The visible pipework is copper and plastic. There is a galvanised cold water storage tank located in the roof void. The bathroom contains a three piece suite consisting of a bath with shower over, wash-hand basin and toilet. The cloakroom contains a two piece suite consisting of toilet and wash-hand basin.

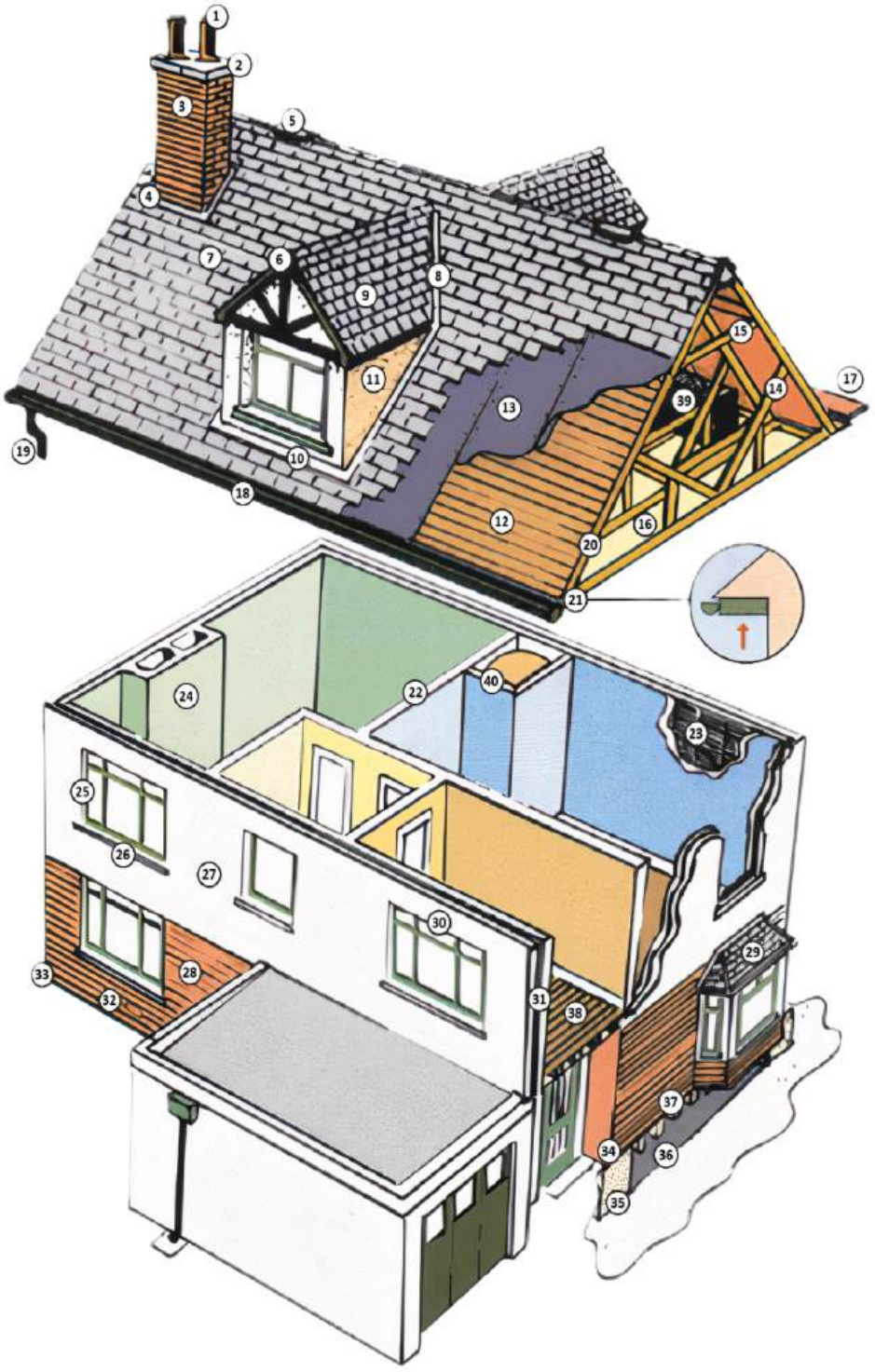
Heating and hot water	**Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected apart from communal systems, which were not inspected.** **No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.** The system was turned off at the time of our inspection. The property is centrally heated by means of a gas fired system. Heating to rooms is provided by water filled radiators. The central heating boiler is located in the roof void. There is also an electric radiator in the rear extension and a wood burning stove. Hot water is by an electric immersion heater, the foam insulated hot water cylinder is located in the roof space.

Drainage	**Drainage covers etc were not lifted.** **Neither drains nor drainage systems were tested.** Mains drainage is understood to be connected.

Fire, smoke and burglar alarms	**Visually inspected.** **No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.** **The property has smoke detection devices installed.** **Scottish government regulations came into effect on 1st February 2022 which requires each property to have linked smoke and heat detectors and if gas/carbon burning appliances are present then a carbon monoxide alarm fitted. Upgrading is required to comply with these regulations.**

Any additional limits to inspection	The property was inspected within the limits imposed by occupation which included fixed floor coverings, stored items and furnishings etc. The owner's personal belongings were not removed from cupboards. It will be appreciated that parts of the property, which were covered, unexposed or inaccessible, cannot be guaranteed to be free from defects. This report does not constitute a full and detailed description of the property and a structural investigation was not carried out. No inspection was undertaken of woodwork or other parts of the structure which were covered, unexposed or otherwise inaccessible and as a result no guarantee can be given that such parts of the structure are free from rot, beetle or other defects. No removal of internal linings has been carried out in order to ascertain the condition of hidden parts and no warranty can be given regarding the areas not specifically referred to in this report. The external building fabric has been inspected from ground level only from the subjects grounds and where possible from adjoining public property. Exposure work has not been carried out. It was dry at the time of the inspection. Leakage and water penetration may only be visible to building components such as roof spaces, rainwater goods, window openings, etc, during or immediately after adverse weather conditions. Similarly, sometimes defects in rainwater goods are only apparent during, or after heavy rainfall. The report does not include an asbestos inspection. However, asbestos was widely used in the building industry until around 2000, when it became a banned substance. If the possibility of asbestos based products has been reported and you have concerns, you should engage a qualified asbestos surveyor.

Sectional Diagram showing elements of a typical house



1. Chimney pots
2. Coping stone
3. Chimney head
4. Flashing
5. Ridge ventilation
6. Ridge board
7. Slates / tiles
8. Valley guttering
9. Dormer projection
10. Dormer flashing
11. Dormer cheeks
12. Sarking
13. Roof felt
14. Trusses
15. Collar
16. Insulation
17. Parapet gutter
18. Eaves guttering
19. Rainwater downpipe
20. Verge boards / skews
21. Soffit boards
22. Partition wall
23. Lath / plaster
24. Chimney breast
25. Window pointing
26. Window sills
27. Rendering
28. Brickwork / pointing
29. Bay window projection
30. Lintels
31. Cavity walls / wall ties
32. Subfloor ventilator
33. Damp proof course
34. Base course
35. Foundations
36. Solum
37. Floor joists
38. Floorboards
39. Water tank
40. Hot water tank

Reference may be made in this report to some or all of the above component parts of the property. This diagram may assist you in locating and understanding these items.

2. CONDITION

This section identifies problems and tells you about the urgency of any repairs by using one of the following 3 categories:

Category 1 (1)	Category 2 (2)	Category 3 (3)
No immediate action or repair is needed.	Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.	Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.

Structural movement	
Repair category:	1
Notes	No obvious significant structural movement noted, on the basis of a single inspection. All buildings move daily and seasonally as a result of external factors such as gravity, temperature, moisture content and vibrations. Consequently most buildings will have minor non structural cracks related to these factors. Minor cracks can be filled during normal redecoration but often recur seasonally due to normal movement in a building. Non structural cracks of this nature will not be recorded or reported.

Dampness, rot and infestation	
Repair category:	2
Notes	An electronic moisture meter was used to measure levels of dampness, at random locations, to lower wall surfaces and floors, where accessible and without moving furniture or lifting floor coverings, if present. Higher than normal meter readings were recorded to a number of lower wall surfaces particularly in the extension at the rear of the kitchen. It is recommended a reputable timber & damp specialist firm be employed to carry out a detailed inspection of the entire subjects (including exposure works). Thereafter implement all necessary remedial works under the cover of a long term guarantee.

Chimney stacks	
Repair category:	
Notes	Not applicable

Roofing including roof space	
Repair category:	2
Notes	ROOF COVERING: Roof tiling is ageing. The manufacturers of modern roof tiles expect that a roof tile will normally last for approximately 50 years. This should be taken into consideration having regard to the age of this property. Some similar properties in the area have already been re-roofed. The roof tiles are weathered and there is some moss growth. In the absence of stripping and relaying, on-going and increasing maintenance expenditure should be anticipated. FLAT ROOFS: The front canopy and rear extension have flat bituminous felt covered roofs. It should be appreciated that such roofs have a limited lifespan and can fail without warning. Regular maintenance and possible re-covering in the future should be anticipated. The coverings are dated and water ponding was noted on the rear extension. The covering over the front projection has had some previous repairs however is cracked and has lifted at some of the joints. Repairs and careful ongoing maintenance will be required to ensure it remains in a watertight condition. The flashings to the flat roof abutments and the edge of the lean-to polycarbonate roof sheeting have been repaired with self-adhesive flashing tape (commonly referred to as flashband). Self-adhesive flashing tape is a relatively modern material widely available in DIY stores. It is not a durable material and can only be expected to last for a few years before failure. It is regarded as a temporary amateur repair material rather than a permanent flashing. The rear extension incorporates part of an original outbuilding which had a flat concrete roof. The concrete roof edge is exposed above the rear extension entrance door and sits below the uPVC fascia fitted above. This appears off level and it would be good practice to carry out some exposure work to ensure it is structurally secure. ROOF VOID: Evidence of condensation was noted with some discolouration on lower eaves timbers. Increased levels of ventilation are required to remove excess moisture. This is particularly important if the insulation is upgraded elsewhere in the roof void to modern standards (270mm).

Rainwater fittings	
Repair category:	2
Notes	A downpipe on the rear extension has an open discharge to the ground which can often cause dampness if not properly maintained. Suitable measures should be put in place to ensure the rainwater is able to be taken away from the building. Allowing leaves, moss, and other debris to accumulate and create blockages is one of the most frequent causes of gutter-related dampness problems. The weight of the accumulated material can cause gutters to leak at joints or even to collapse completely. However, all of this may be prevented by cleaning gutters frequently, preferably twice a year.

Main walls	
Repair category:	2
Notes	General weathering to rendering is evident in a number of locations, with some sections noted to be cracked. A patch repair is required to the defective section of render below the flue on the rear extension. At the rear the adjacent decking and ground levels are high in relation to the damp proof course. The walls of the rear extension are rendered down to ground level and over the damp proof course. This design can be problematic and could allow dampness into the building fabric. To prevent damp penetration, it is good practice to have external ground levels against the outer walls of the house at least 150mm below the level of the damp proof course and internal floors. The patio and decking against the rear wall are at a higher level than this recommendation.

Windows, external doors and joinery	
Repair category:	1
Notes	The windows/doors are not modern and the life expectancy of these should be fully appreciated. Over time double glazing can become problematic.The operation of the windows can be affected and the operation mechanisms damaged. It is likely that the operation mechanisms will require some adjustment and maintenance repairs in the future. It should be appreciated that double glazing seals can fail at any time.

External decorations	
Repair category:	1
Notes	External decorations appear adequately maintained and free from material defects.

Conservatories / porches	
Repair category:	
Notes	Not applicable

Communal areas	
Repair category:	
Notes	Not applicable

Garages and permanent outbuildings	
Repair category:	2
Notes	It should be fully appreciated that a flat roof, even when new, has a limited life and requires regular and careful ongoing maintenance to ensure it remains in a wind and watertight condition The garage is in a basic state of repair. Walls show signs of weathering and deterioration with some broken render. There is timber decay on the dated garage doors and these should be replaced. The electric installed requires improvement. At the rear of the house there is a covered seating area. The timber cladding on the external wall of the house is a potential fire hazard as this is combustible. Timber decked structures will have a limited lifespan and require regular maintenance and this liability should be considered. It should be appreciated that the concealed structural components have not been inspected nor have we moved items on the deck surface (patio furniture, potted plants etc) and we would highlight that defects may only become evident once such items are removed or the decking boards lifted.

Outside areas and boundaries	
Repair category:	2
Notes	The boundary fencing and walls require some repairs with weathered/spalling bricks and some timber decay. The cracked and broken cement render on the brick arch above the rear gate requires some refacing. There are areas of raised decking in the rear garden area. We were unable to inspect the timber supports due to this area being concealed. It is important that the structural timbers are carefully maintained as repair/replacement can prove costly. Shrubs growing in the front garden against the right side of the house should be cut back and will require future ongoing maintenance by an experienced gardener.

Ceilings	
Repair category:	2
Notes	There are areas of hairline cracking, minor blemishes and historic damp staining on some of the plastered ceiling surfaces. These can be attended to during the course of normal redecoration. Damp staining was noted to ceiling surfaces within the hall landing and when tested was found to be dry at the date of inspection. Textured/Artex ceiling surfaces may contain asbestos. A finish of this type is not normally considered to be a health hazard as any asbestos fibres are encapsulated by the material. Care should be taken on redecoration.

Internal walls	
Repair category:	1
Notes	Wall finishes are affected by normal blemishes and general wear and tear, however no obvious significant defects were noted to the internal walls.

Floors including sub floors	
Repair category:	1
Notes	No obvious significant defects were noted to flooring.

Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	
Repair category:	2
Notes	Internal joinery is generally serviceable however normal wear and tear. Some internal doors and wall panels are glazed. It cannot be confirmed safety glass has been fitted. There is some cracked glazing in the glazed block partition between the kitchen and dining room.

Chimney breast and fire places	
Repair category:	1
Notes	No obvious significant defects were noted to the original chimney breast. It is good practice to maintain ventilation at disused chimney flues to prevent condensation within them.

Internal decorations	
Repair category:	1
Notes	The Artex finishes may contain asbestos fibres. This can only be determined by taking a sample for analysis. Even if the decorative finish does contain asbestos fibres it is not normally considered to be a health hazard provided it is not disturbed, for example it should not be rubbed down during redecoration. The property is adequately presented, although some redecoration to personal taste can be anticipated.

Cellars	
Repair category:	
Notes	Not applicable

Electricity	
Repair category:	2
Notes	The electrical system is dated and elements of the installation will not comply with current regulations. The entire electrical installation should be inspected by a suitably qualified electrician and upgraded as necessary. It is recommended good practice that all electrical installations should be checked periodically, approximately every five years or when a property changes hands.

Gas	
Repair category:	1
Notes	No obvious significant defects noted to the gas installation. All gas appliances should be tested and thereafter maintained by a Gas Safe registered contractor on an annual basis. This should be regarded as a routine maintenance and safety check.

Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	
Repair category:	1
Notes	No obvious significant defects noted to accessible plumbing or sanitary fittings. However the cold water storage tank in the roof void is a dated design and requires replacement. It is essential that all wall linings, tile grout, seals, etc are maintained in good condition. Failure to do so can lead to concealed defects behind wall finishes, and below the bath/shower.

Heating and hot water	
Repair category:	2
Notes	The central heating boiler's remaining economic lifespan may be short. It will not be as energy efficient as a modern boiler. Consideration should be given to upgrading the system.

Drainage	
Repair category:	1
Notes	No obvious significant defects were noted to the drainage system, within the limitations of the inspection.

Set out below is a summary of the condition of the property which is provided for reference only. You should refer to the comments above for detailed information.

Structural movement	1
Dampness, rot and infestation	2
Chimney stacks	
Roofing including roof space	2
Rainwater fittings	2
Main walls	2
Windows, external doors and joinery	1
External decorations	1
Conservatories / porches	
Communal areas	
Garages and permanent outbuildings	2
Outside areas and boundaries	2
Ceilings	2
Internal walls	1
Floors including sub floors	1
Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	2
Chimney breasts and fireplaces	1
Internal decorations	1
Cellars	
Electricity	2
Gas	1
Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	1
Heating and hot water	2
Drainage	1

Category 1 1

No immediate action or repair is needed.

Category 2 2

Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.

Category 3 3

Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.

Remember

The cost of repairs may influence the amount someone is prepared to pay for the property. We recommend that relevant estimates and reports are obtained in your own name.

Warning

If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions where the effect can be considerable.

3. ACCESSIBILITY INFORMATION

Guidance Notes on Accessibility Information

Three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property

In flatted developments the 'main entrance' would be the flat's own entrance door, not the external door to the communal stair. The 'three steps or fewer' are counted from external ground level to the flat's entrance door. Where a lift is present, the count is based on the number of steps climbed when using the lift.

Unrestricted parking within 25 metres

For this purpose, 'Unrestricted parking' includes parking available by means of a parking permit. Restricted parking includes parking that is subject to parking restrictions, as indicated by the presence of solid yellow, red or white lines at the edge of the road or by a parking control sign, parking meters or other coin-operated machines.

1. Which floor(s) is the living accommodation on?	Ground and First
2. Are there three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property?	Yes
3. Is there a lift to the main entrance door of the property?	No
4. Are all door openings greater than 750mm?	No
5. Is there a toilet on the same level as the living room and kitchen?	Yes
6. Is there a toilet on the same level as a bedroom?	Yes
7. Are all rooms on the same level with no internal steps or stairs?	No
8. Is there unrestricted parking within 25 metres of an entrance door to the building?	Yes

4. VALUATION AND CONVEYANCER ISSUES

This section highlights information that should be checked with a solicitor or licensed conveyancer. It also gives an opinion of market value and an estimated re-instatement cost for insurance purposes.

Matters for a solicitor or licensed conveyancer
The tenure is understood to be Outright Ownership. In line with our normal practice, it is specifically assumed that the property and its value are unaffected by any matters which would or should be revealed to a competent Completing Solicitor by a local search and replies to the usual enquiries, or by any statutory notice and planning proposal. Where defects or repairs have been identified within this report it is recommended that, prior to entering into any legally binding sale or purchases contracts, further specialists advice and estimates should be obtained, to establish the implications, if any, on a potential offer to purchase or the sale price likely to be achieved for the property. The property has been extended by means of a single storey extension constructed to the rear. The valuation assumes necessary certification in respect of the planning permissions, building warrants and completion certificates were issued for these works. The garage is situated off site. Conveyancer should confirm access rights and location with reference to the title deeds.

Estimated re-instatement cost (£) for insurance purposes
The estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes is £495,000. (Four Hundred and Ninety Five Thousand Pounds Sterling). This figure is the estimate of the cost of rebuilding the premises and bears no direct relationship to current market value.

Valuation (£) and market comments
In its present condition the opinion of valuation for the Outright Ownership interest with vacant possession on 15/09/2026 is £275,000 (Two Hundred and Seventy Five Thousand Pounds Sterling).

Report author:	Gary Macdonald
Company:	Harvey Donaldson & Gibson Chartered Surveyors
Address:	Standard Buildings 94 Hope Street Glasgow G2 6PH
Electronically Signed By:	Gary Macdonald
Date of report:	18/09/2026

Mortgage Valuation

Case Details

Seller name(s):	Mrs A Daly and Mr A Daly.
Address line 1:	1 Ashton Green
Address line 2:	East Kilbride
Address line 3:	
Town / City:	Glasgow
County:	
Postcode:	G74 4LB
Date of inspection (dd/mm/yyyy):	15/09/2026

Property Details

Property type:	House
Property style:	End Terrace
Was the property built for the public sector?	Yes

Specific details for: flats & maisonettes

Floor of property:		Number of floors in block:		Number of units in block:		Lift available in block?	

Tenure

Tenure:	Absolute Ownership

If Leasehold:

Unexpired term (years):		Ground rent (pa):	£

Accommodation

No. of living room(s):	2	No. of bedroom(s):	3	No. of kitchen(s):	1
No. of bathroom(s):	1	No. of WC(s):	1	No. of other room(s):	0
Description of other room(s):					
Floor area (m²):	158	Floor area type:	External		

Garages & Outbuildings

Garages / Parking space(s):	1 single garage.
Permanent outbuildings:	None

Construction

Wall construction:	Cavity Masonry
Roof construction:	Pitched tile
Approximate year of construction:	1950
Any evidence of alterations or extensions?	Yes
Alterations or extension details:	The property has been altered / extended with a single storey extension. Our valuation assumes these works have been carried out with all necessary consents. Legal advisors to confirm.

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Risks

Is there any evidence of movement to the property?	No
If yes, does this appear longstanding?	
Are there any further risk factors?	No
If yes, please provide details:	

Services

Electricity:	Mains	Gas:	Mains	Water:	Mains
Central heating:	Full	Drainage:	Mains		
Provide comments:	Heating fuel: Gas Heating type: Radiators				

Legal Matters

Are there any apparent legal issues to be verified by the conveyancer?	No
If yes, please provide details:	

Location

Location details:	The property is situated within a popular residential area in a town with a good level of local amenities nearby.

Roads

Road description:	The road has been adopted.

General Remarks

The property was built originally for East Kilbride Development Corporation.
The general condition of the building is considered adequate for mortgage purposes.

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Essential Repairs

The condition of the property and the defects which were noted have been reflected in the valuation. A mortgage retention is not necessary.

Mortgageability Remarks

The property is suitable for mortgage purposes subject to individual lender criteria.

Valuation

Market value in present condition:	£ 275000
Market value after essential repairs:	£
Insurance reinstatement value:	£ 495000
Retention required? No	Retention amount: £

Declaration

Surveyor name:	Gary Macdonald
Surveyor qualifications:	MRICS
Report date (dd/mm/yyyy):	17/09/2026
Company name:	Harvey Donaldson & Gibson Chartered Surveyors
Address:	Standard Buildings 94 Hope Street Glasgow G2 6PH
Telephone number:	01412040808
Email address:	Help@hdg.co.uk
Surveyor signature:	

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Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)

Dwellings

Scotland

1 ASHTON GREEN, EAST KILBRIDE, GLASGOW, G74 4LB

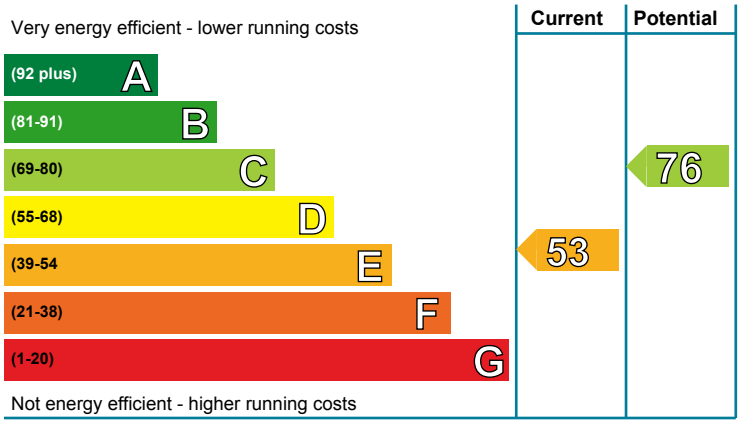
Dwelling type:	End-terrace house	**Reference number:**	5900-6059-0122-2197-1163
Date of assessment:	15 September 2026	**Type of assessment:**	RdSAP, existing dwelling
Date of certificate:	17 September 2026	**Approved Organisation:**	Elmhurst
Total floor area:	138 m²	**Main heating and fuel:**	Boiler and radiators, mains gas
Primary Energy Indicator:	338 kWh/m²/year		

You can use this document to:

- **Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly**
- **Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO_2 emissions by improving your home**

Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years*	**£8,499**	See your recommendations report for more information
Over 3 years you could save*	**£3,639**	

* based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

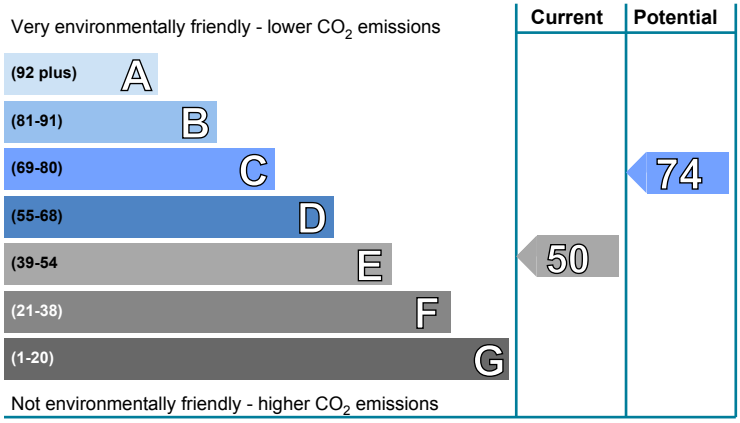


Energy Efficiency Rating

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is **band E (53)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (61).**

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.



Environmental Impact (CO_2) Rating

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is **band E (50)**

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

Top actions you can take to save money and make your home more efficient

Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical savings over 3 years
1 Increase loft insulation to 270 mm	£900 - £1,200	£369.00
2 Cavity wall insulation	£900 - £1,500	£1314.00
3 Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£5,000 - £10,000	£174.00

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

To find out more about the recommended measures and other actions you could take today to stop wasting energy and money, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE

Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Cavity wall, as built, no insulation (assumed) Cavity wall, as built, partial insulation (assumed)	★★☆☆☆ ★★★☆☆	★★☆☆☆ ★★★☆☆
Roof	Pitched, 50 mm loft insulation Flat, no insulation	★★☆☆☆ ★★☆☆☆	★★☆☆☆ ★★☆☆☆
Floor	Solid, no insulation (assumed) Suspended, no insulation (assumed)	— —	— —
Windows	Mostly double glazing	★★★☆☆	★★★☆☆
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	★★★★☆	★★★★☆
Main heating controls	Programmer, room thermostat and TRVs	★★★★☆	★★★★☆
Secondary heating	Room heaters, wood logs	—	—
Hot water	From main system	★★★☆☆	★★★☆☆
Lighting	Below average lighting efficiency	★★☆☆☆	★★☆☆☆

The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO_2 emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The calculated emissions for your home are 58 kg $CO_2/m^2/yr$.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 7.9 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 3.8 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

Estimated energy costs for this home

	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings
Heating	£7,068 over 3 years	£3,951 over 3 years	You could save £3,639 over 3 years
Hot water	£1,044 over 3 years	£699 over 3 years	
Lighting	£387 over 3 years	£210 over 3 years	
Totals	**£8,499**	**£4,860**	

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

Recommendations for improvement

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

	Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical saving per year	Rating after improvement	
				Energy	Environment
1	Increase loft insulation to 270 mm	£900 - £1,200	£123	D 55	E 52
2	Cavity wall insulation	£900 - £1,500	£438	D 63	D 60
3	Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£5,000 - £10,000	£58	D 63	D 62
4	Floor insulation (solid floor)	£5,000 - £10,000	£84	D 65	D 63
5	Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£540 - £630	£48	D 66	D 63
6	Replace boiler with new condensing boiler	£2,200 - £3,500	£460	C 73	C 73
7	Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp	£8,000 - £10,000	£205	C 76	C 74

Alternative measures

There are alternative improvement measures which you could also consider for your home. It would be advisable to seek further advice and illustration of the benefits and costs of such measures.

- External insulation with cavity wall insulation
- Biomass boiler (Exempted Appliance if in Smoke Control Area)
- Micro CHP

Choosing the right improvement package

For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to www.greenerscotland.org.

energy saving trust

About the recommended measures to improve your home's performance rating

This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

1 Loft insulation

Loft insulation laid in the loft space or between roof rafters to a depth of at least 270 mm will significantly reduce heat loss through the roof; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Insulation should not be placed below any cold water storage tank, any such tank should also be insulated on its sides and top, and there should be boarding on battens over the insulation to provide safe access between the loft hatch and the cold water tank. The insulation can be installed by professional contractors but also by a capable DIY enthusiast. Loose granules may be used instead of insulation quilt; this form of loft insulation can be blown into place and can be useful where access is difficult. The loft space must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about loft insulation and details of local contractors can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk).

2 Cavity wall insulation

Cavity wall insulation, to fill the gap between the inner and outer layers of external walls with an insulating material, reduces heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. The insulation material is pumped into the gap through small holes that are drilled into the outer walls, and the holes are made good afterwards. As specialist machinery is used to fill the cavity, a professional installation company should carry out this work, and they should carry out a thorough survey before commencing work to ensure that this type of insulation is suitable for this home and its exposure. They should also provide a guarantee for the work and handle any building standards issues. Further information about cavity wall insulation and details of local installers can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk).

3 Floor insulation (suspended floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Suspended floors can often be insulated from below but must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

4 Floor insulation (solid floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Insulating solid floors can present challenges; insulation laid on top of existing solid floors may impact on existing doors and finishes whilst lifting of a solid floor to insert insulation below will require consideration of the potential effect on both structural stability and damp proofing. It is advised to seek advice from a Chartered Structural Engineer or a registered Architect about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work and may also require a building warrant so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

5 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving bulbs will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last many times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Low energy lamps and fittings are now commonplace and readily available. Information on energy efficiency lighting can be found from a wide range of organisations, including the Energy Saving Trust (http://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/home-energy-efficiency/lighting).

6 Condensing boiler

A condensing boiler is capable of much higher efficiencies than other types of boiler, meaning it will burn less fuel to heat this property. This improvement is most appropriate when the existing central heating boiler needs repair or replacement, however there may be exceptional circumstances making this impractical. Condensing boilers need a drain for the condensate which limits their location; remember this when considering remodelling the room containing the existing boiler even if the latter is to be retained for the time being (for example a kitchen makeover). Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department and seek advice from a qualified heating engineer.

7 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for solar photovoltaic panels, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present:

- Biomass secondary heating

Your home's heat demand

In this section, you can see how much energy you might need to heat your home and provide hot water. These are estimates showing how an average household uses energy. These estimates may not reflect your actual energy use, which could be higher or lower. You might spend more money on heating and hot water if your house is less energy efficient. The table below shows the potential benefit of having your loft and walls insulated. Visit https://energysavingtrust.org.uk/energy-at-home for more information.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	23,020.82	N/A	N/A	N/A
Water heating (kWh per year)	3,393.71			

Addendum

About this document

This Recommendations Report and the accompanying Energy Performance Certificate are valid for a maximum of ten years. These documents cease to be valid where superseded by a more recent assessment of the same building carried out by a member of an Approved Organisation.

The Energy Performance Certificate and this Recommendations Report for this building were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by an assessor accredited by Elmhurst (www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk), an Approved Organisation Appointed by Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008 from data lodged to the Scottish EPC register. You can verify the validity of this document by visiting www.scottishepcregister.org.uk and entering the report reference number (RRN) printed at the top of this page.

Assessor's name:	Mr. Gary MacDonald
Assessor membership number:	EES/008491
Company name/trading name:	Harvey Donaldson & Gibson Chartered Surveyors
Address:	Suite 3/7 Standard Buildings 94 Hope Street Glasgow G2 6PH
Phone number:	0141 2040808
Email address:	help@hdg.co.uk
Related party disclosure:	No related party

If you have any concerns regarding the content of this report or the service provided by your assessor you should in the first instance raise these matters with your assessor and with the Approved Organisation to which they belong. All Approved Organisations are required to publish their complaints and disciplinary procedures and details can be found online at the web address given above.

Use of this energy performance information

Once lodged by your EPC assessor, this Energy Performance Certificate and Recommendations Report are available to view online at www.scottishepcregister.org.uk, with the facility to search for any single record by entering the property address. This gives everyone access to any current, valid EPC except where a property has a Green Deal Plan, in which case the report reference number (RRN) must first be provided. The energy performance data in these documents, together with other building information gathered during the assessment is held on the Scottish EPC Register and is available to authorised recipients, including organisations delivering energy efficiency and carbon reduction initiatives on behalf of the Scottish and UK governments. A range of data from all assessments undertaken in Scotland is also published periodically by the Scottish Government. Further information on these matters and on Energy Performance Certificates in general, can be found at www.gov.scot/epc.

Advice and support to improve this property

There is support available, which could help you carry out some of the improvements recommended for this property on page 3 and stop wasting energy and money.For more information, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

Home Energy Scotland's independent and expert advisors can offer free and impartial advice on all aspects of energy efficiency, renewable energy and more.

HOMEENERGYSCOTLAND.ORG
0808 808 2282
FUNDED BY THE SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT

Greener Scotland
Scottish Government

Property Questionnaire

Property Address	1 Ashton Green East Kilbride Glasgow G74 4LB

Seller(s)	Mrs Ann Daly Mr Anthony Daly

Completion date of property questionnaire	12/09/2026

1 Length of ownership

How long have you owned the property?

31 Years

2 Council tax

Which Council Tax band is your property in?

E

3 Parking

What are the arrangements for parking at your property?

(Please tick all that apply)

Garage	☑
Allocated parking space	☐
Driveway	☐
Shared parking	☐
On street	☑
Resident permit	☐
Metered parking	☐

Other (please specify)

4 Conservation area

Is your property in a designated Conservation Area (that is an area of special architectural or historical interest, the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance)?

Yes

5 Listed buildings

Is your property a Listed Building, or contained within one (that is a building recognised and approved as being of special architectural or historical interest)?

No

6 Alterations/additions/extensions

a.(i) During your time in the property, have you carried out any structural alterations, additions or extensions (for example, provision of an extra bath/shower room, toilet, or bedroom)?

Yes

If you have answered yes, please describe below the changes which you have made:

Internal Door way cut out to install door to kitchen.

Internal way removed to allow walk through to utiliy area. H beams installed.

(ii) Did you obtain planning permission, building warrant, completion certificate and other consents for this work?

No

If you have answered yes, the relevant documents will be needed by the purchaser and you should give them to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking.

If you do not have the documents yourself, please note below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange to obtain them:

b. Have you had replacement windows, doors, patio doors or double glazing installed in your property?

Yes

If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:

(i) Were the replacements the same shape and type as the ones you replaced?

No

(ii) Did this work involve any changes to the window or door openings?

No

(iii) Please describe the changes made to the windows doors, or patio doors (with approximate dates when the work was completed):

Timber windows replaced with UPVC.

Please give any guarantees which you received for this work to your solicitor or estate agent.

7 Central heating

a. Is there a central heating system in your property?

(Note: a partial central heating system is one which does not heat all the main rooms of the property — the main living room, the bedroom(s), the hall and the bathroom).

Yes

If you have answered yes or partial — what kind of central heating is there?

(Examples: gas-fired, solid fuel, electric storage heating, gas warm air).

Gas fired

If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:

(i) When was your central heating system or partial central heating system installed?

Yes, installed when house was purchased

(ii) Do you have a maintenance contract for the central heating system?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details of the company with which you have a maintenance contract:

(iii) When was your maintenance agreement last renewed?

(Please provide the month and year).

8 Energy Performance Certificate

Does your property have an Energy Performance Certificate which is less than 10 years old?

No

9 Issues that may have affected your property

a. Has there been any storm, flood, fire or other structural damage to your property while you have owned it?

No

If you have answered yes, is the damage the subject of any outstanding insurance claim?

b. Are you aware of the existence of asbestos in your property?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

10 Services

Please tick which services are connected to your property and give details of the supplier:

Services	Connected	Supplier
Gas or liquid petroleum gas	☑	Ovo
Water mains or private water supply	☑	Scottish Water
Electricity	☑	Ovo
Mains drainage	☑	Council
Telephone	☑	Virgin Media
Cable TV or satellite	☑	Virgin Media
Broadband	☑	Virgin Media

b. Is there a septic tank system at your property?
No

(i) Do you have appropriate consents for the discharge from your septic tank?

(ii) Do you have a maintenance contract for your septic tank?

If you have answered yes, please give details of the company with which you have a maintenance contract:

11 Responsibilities for shared or common areas

a. Are you aware of any responsibility to contribute to the cost of anything used jointly, such as the repair of a shared drive, private road, boundary, or garden area?
No
If you have answered yes, please give details:

b. Is there a responsibility to contribute to repair and maintenance of the roof, common stairwell or other common areas?
No
If you have answered yes, please give details:

c. Has there been any major repair or replacement of any part of the roof during the time you have owned the property?
No

d. Do you have the right to walk over any of your neighbours' property — for example to put out your rubbish bin or to maintain your boundaries?
No
If you have answered yes, please give details:

e. As far as you are aware, do any of your neighbours have the right to walk over your property, for example to put out their rubbish bin or to maintain their boundaries?
No
If you have answered yes, please give details:

f. As far as you are aware, is there a public right of way across any part of your property? (public right of way is a way over which the public has a right to pass, whether or not the land is privately-owned.)

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

12 Charges associated with your property

a. Is there a factor or property manager for your property?

No

b. Is there a common buildings insurance policy?

No

If you have answered yes, is the cost of the insurance included in your monthly/annual factor's charges?

c. Please give details of any other charges you have to pay on a regular basis for the upkeep of common areas or repair works, for example to a residents' association, or maintenance or stair fund.

No charges

13 Specialist works

a. As far as you are aware, has treatment of dry rot, wet rot, damp or any other specialist work ever been carried out to your property?

No

If you have answered yes, please say what the repairs were for, whether you carried out the repairs (and when) or if they were done before you bought the property.

b. As far as you are aware, has any preventative work for dry rot, wet rot, or damp ever been carried out to your property?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

c. If you have answered yes to 13(a) or (b), do you have any guarantees relating to this work?

If you have answered yes, these guarantees will be needed by the purchaser and should be given to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking. If you do not have them yourself please write below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange for them to be obtained. You will also need to provide a description of the work carried out. This may be shown in the original estimate., these guarantees will be needed by the purchaser and should be given to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking. If you do not have them yourself and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange for them to be obtained. You will also need to provide a description of the work carried out. This may be shown in the original estimate.

Guarantees are held by:

14 Guarantees

a. Are there any guarantees or warranties for any of the following:

(i) Electrical work

No

(ii) Roofing

No

(iii) Central heating

No

(iv) National House Building Council (NHBC)

No

(v) Damp course

No

(vi) Any other work or installations? (for example, cavity wall insulation, underpinning, indemnity policy)

No

b. If you have answered 'yes' or 'with title deeds', please give details of the work or installations to which the guarantee(s) relate(s):

(i) Electrical work

(ii) Roofing

(iii) Central heating

(iv) National House Building Council (NHBC)

(v) Damp course

(vi) Any other work or installations? (for example, cavity wall insulation, underpinning, indemnity policy)

c. Are there any outstanding claims under any of the guarantees listed above?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

15 Boundaries

So far as your are aware, has any boundary of your property been moved in the last 10 years?

No

If you have answered yes, please give details:

16 Notices that affect your property

In the past three years have you ever received a notice:

a. advising that the owner of a neighbouring property has made a planning application?

No

b. that affects your property in some other way?

No

c. that requires you to do any maintenance, repairs or improvements to your property?

No

If you have answered yes to any of a–c above, please give the notices to your solicitor or estate agent, including any notices which arrive at any time before the date of entry of the purchaser of your property.